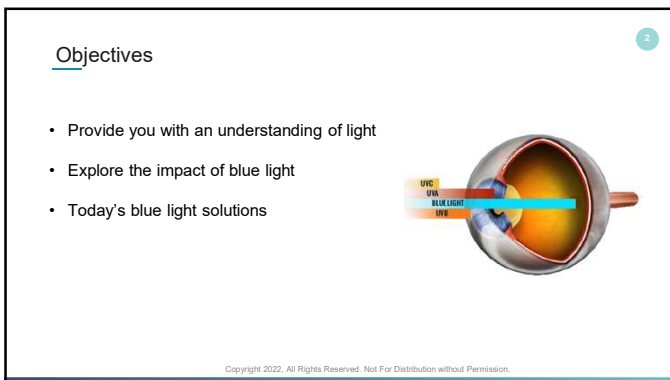




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3

Problems We Are Trying To Impact

Indoor
BLUE LIGHT PEAKS AT
455 NM

Outdoor
BLUE LIGHT RANGE
400-500 NM

1. Improve Sleep & Sleep Quality
2. Alleviate headache & Migraine symptoms
3. Reduce Eye Fatigue & Strain

1. Reduce Glare
2. Enhance Color
3. Protect from harmful light rays

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4

High Energy Visible (HEV) Blue Light and UV Light

▪ Ultraviolet Light

- » UVC < 280nm
- » UVB 280 – 315nm
- » UVA 315 – 400nm
- » HEV Blue Light > 400nm

- HEV blue light is linked to macula cellular damage and MD (Macular Degeneration).
- SHORT WAVE blue light is myopic, falls short of the retina and scatters in the eye:
 - Contributing factor responsible for Sleep/Wake Cycle.
 - Can trigger debilitating migraines
 - Creates scatter, haze & interferes with visual clarity.

Courtesy of the Vision Council | Copyright 2022, All Rights Reserved. Not For Distribution without Permission.

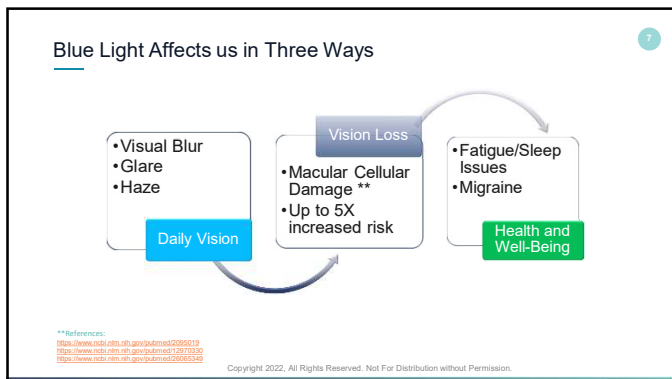
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Light Source Comparison

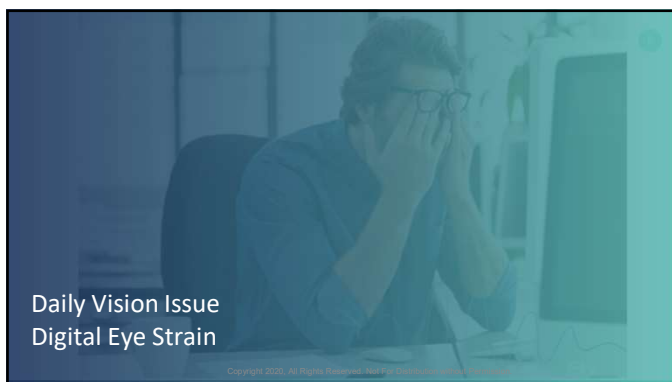
- Blue light is a part of the visible light spectrum, between 400 nm & 500 nm
- The SUN is the strongest source of blue light, up to **100x more** energy than artificial lighting, that decreases visual clarity and can **potentially** harm your retina.
- LED & CFL lighting, digital devices and artificial lights bathe us in rich blue light that can lead to visual blur, eyestrain, sleep disruption and headaches.
- Incandescent lighting transmits low blue, low green with high amounts of amber and red, which is similar to the sun during sunset hours.

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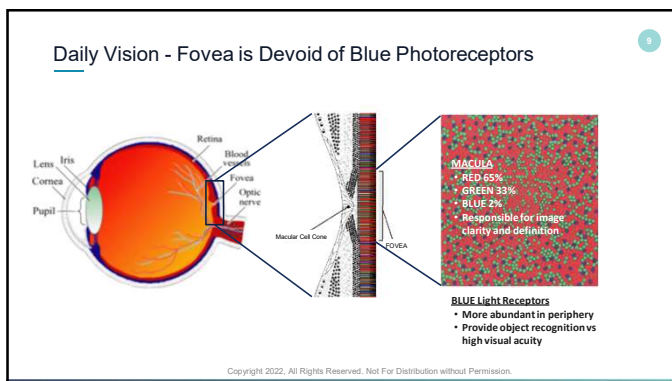
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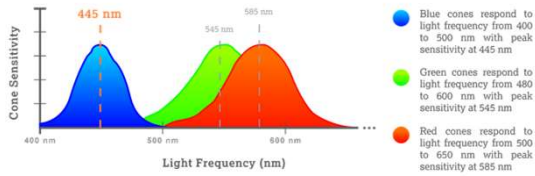


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How The Eye Processes Light

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- The retina consists of three color sensing receptors called 'cones' that are stimulated by either blue, green or red frequencies with peak response sensitivities for each.



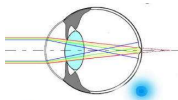
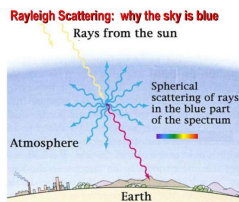
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10

Scatter, Haze & Eyestrain

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- Scatter and haze is a well known phenomenon, also known as the **Rayleigh scattering** ... Light scatters when passing through a medium
- The blue color of the sky is from blue light scattering as it passes through our atmosphere.



Blue light also scatters when entering the eye, which leads to **eye strain** and **visual blur**.

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What is Digital Eyestrain?

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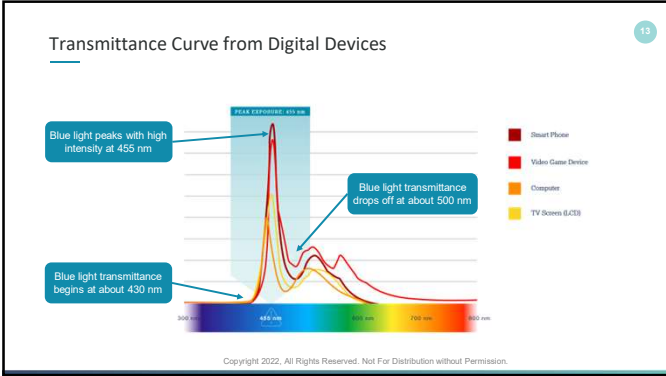
- The American Optometric Association says – "**Digital Eye Strain**, describes a group of eye and vision-related problems that result from prolonged computer, tablet, e-reader and cell phone use..."
- ALL Digital** devices get their brightness and efficiency from LED technology. The same tech used in today's LED bulbs and lighting.
- When you think and say "**DIGITAL**", then you must think **LED**.



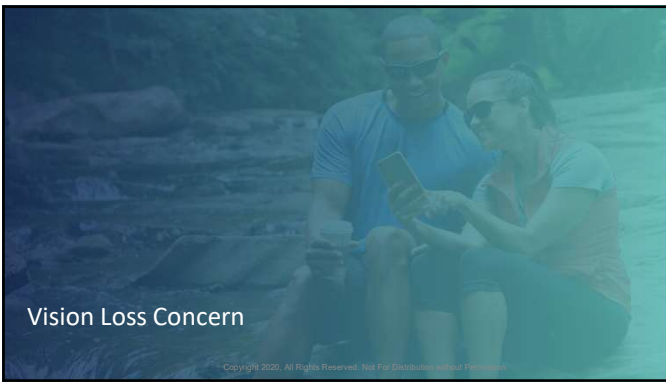
DIGITAL = LED

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PEER REVIEWED SCIENCE – BLUE LIGHT IMPACT

The Lipofuscin Fluorophore A2E Mediates Blue Light-Induced Damage to Retinal Pigmented Epithelial Cells

Janet R. Sparrow, Koji Nishida, and Craig A. Puro

Abstract: The objective of the present study was to determine whether the lipofuscin fluorophore A2E mediates blue light-induced damage to retinal pigmented epithelial (RPE) cells. RPE cells were incubated with A2E for 12 h and then exposed to blue light (450 nm, 100 mW/cm²) for 3 h. The number of viable cells was significantly reduced in the presence of A2E, and this reduction was significantly greater in the presence of A2E. The number of viable cells was significantly reduced in the presence of A2E. The number of viable cells was significantly reduced in the presence of A2E. The number of viable cells was significantly reduced in the presence of A2E.

Introduction: Blue light is an invisible danger. It is a part of the visible spectrum, but it is more energetic than other colors. It can damage the eye and lead to vision loss. Blue light is emitted by digital devices, and its use has increased significantly in recent years. This has led to concerns about the potential health effects of blue light exposure. This study aims to investigate the role of lipofuscin fluorophore A2E in mediating blue light-induced damage to RPE cells.

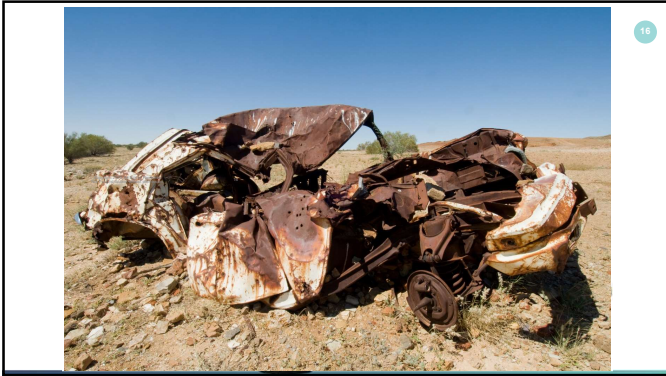
Peer-reviewed science – Blue Light Impact

Analysis of circadian properties and healthy levels of blue light from smartphones at night

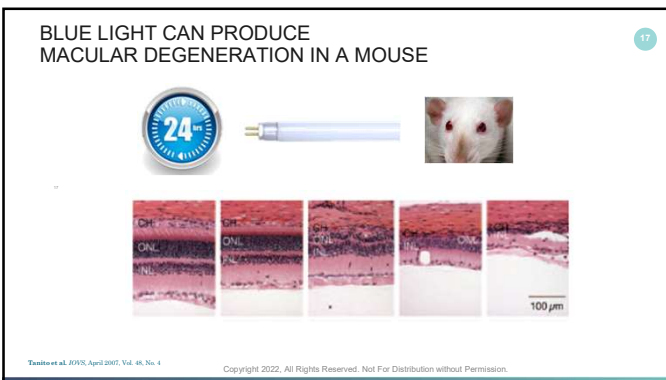
Scientific Reports

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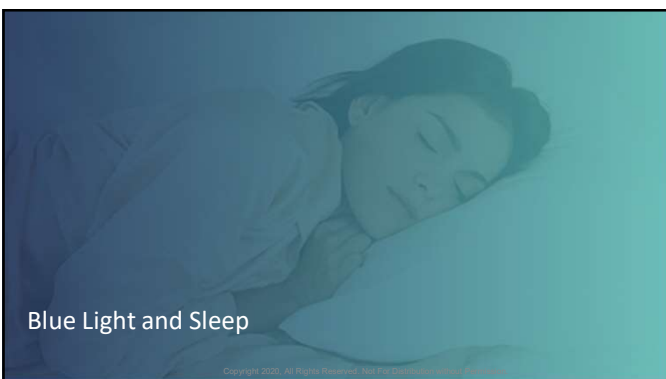
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LED Lights Impact Our Circadian Rhythm

- Blue light controls our circadian rhythm - our sleep/wake cycle.
- The light sensing cells in the retina (Melanopsin ganglion cell) that control our sleep cycle and melatonin production are activated by blue light between 450 to 500nm.
- Melatonin production begins a few hours before bedtime in the absence of *intense* blue light
- In fact, blue light is a more powerful suppressor of melatonin than just about any drug. **Harvard Health Letter 2012**

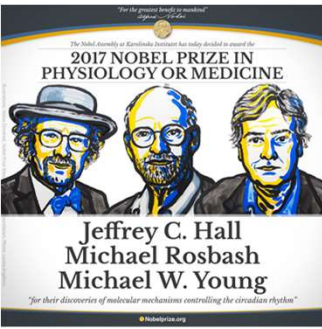


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Circadian Rhythm (Biological Clock)

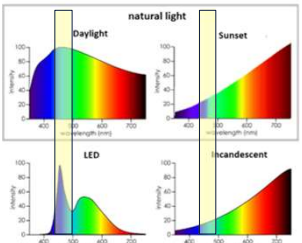
The 2017 Nobel Prize in Medicine was awarded for the study of the circadian rhythm



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Light Source Comparison



Circadian Rhythm impact area

Melatonin production begins a few hours before bedtime in the absence of *intense* blue light

Spectral Power Distributions (SPDs) of different natural and artificial light sources
note that intensities are not the same for each source (sunset is much less intense than daylight)
graphics adapted from: <http://www.lightingschool.eu/portfolio/understanding-the-light/>

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The Energy Deficit

- 1 in 3 adults don't get enough sleep (CDC) (Stats Canada)
- Fatigue from sleep loss can result in:
 - cognitive decline
 - lower productivity
 - increased safety concerns

Poor Sleep = Low Productivity

Source: Tired at Work. How Fatigue Affects our Bodies. National Safety Council 2018.

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General Wellbeing - Effects of Poor Sleep

- Irritability
- Cognitive impairment
- Memory lapses or loss
- Impaired moral judgement
- Severe yawning
- Hallucinations
- Symptoms similar to ADHD
- Impaired immune system
- Risk of diabetes Type 2
- Increased heart rate variability
- Risk of heart disease
- Decreased reaction time and accuracy
- Tremors
- Aches
- Other:
 - Growth suppression
 - Risk of obesity
 - Decreased temperature

The National Academy of Sciences - Sleep Disorders and Sleep Deprivation: An Unmet Public Health Problem. 2006
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Effects of Insufficient Sleep is a Global Concern

Country	GDP	Percentage of GDP
Canada	\$21.4 billion	1.35%
United Kingdom	\$50 billion	1.88%
Germany	\$60 billion	1.58%
Japan	\$138 billion	2.92%
United States	\$411 billion	2.38%

Map showing economic costs of insufficient sleep across five OECD countries
Joss Flusberg/RAND Europe


<https://www.rand.org/content/dam/rand/pubs/projects/2018/18-0001/18-0001-01-01.pdf>
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Sleep Loss in the Workplace



"Americans are not missing work because of insomnia. They are still going to their jobs but accomplishing less because they're tired. In an information-based economy, it's difficult to find a condition that has a greater effect on productivity."

-Ronald Kessler, professor of health care policy at Harvard Medical School

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Impact of Fatigue in the Workplace

Fatigue is a safety hazard in the workplace, and it affects productivity as well.

Fatigue affects employees' ability to think clearly, slows reaction time, and decreases attention, vigilance, short-term memory, judgment and other functions.

Tired employees are less productive (presenteeism) and more likely to miss work (absenteeism).

When employees are not thinking clearly, they are more likely to make mistakes that can be costly or even deadly.



Source: Fatigue in the Workplace, National Safety Council 2018

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Absenteeism

Productivity losses linked to **absenteeism** cost employers **\$225.8 Billion**

Source: CDC, International Monetary Fund



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Presenteeism

Presenteeism 10% Absenteeism

~57.5 unproductive work days – (~3 working months)

~4 sick days per year

Source: GCC Insights
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Clinically Proven To Double Melatonin

Key Findings

Wearing Blue Light Blocking lenses for just 5 days, participants demonstrated:

1. Increase in Melatonin levels by 96%
2. Less awakening during sleep, reduced sleep onset latency (fell asleep faster)
3. Improved cognition using pattern comparison test – 47%

Medscape
Coverage from the [American Academy on Sleep Medicine 2017](#)
Blue Light-Blocking Glasses May Help, Study Suggests
October 14, 2017

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BLUTECH
U PENN Laboratory Study

Effects of Blue Filtering Lenses on Sleep and Melatonin Production in Good Sleepers
Holly Barilla*, Philip R. Gehrman*, Indra Gurubhagavata*

*Perelman School of Medicine at the University of Pennsylvania, Philadelphia, PA, USA

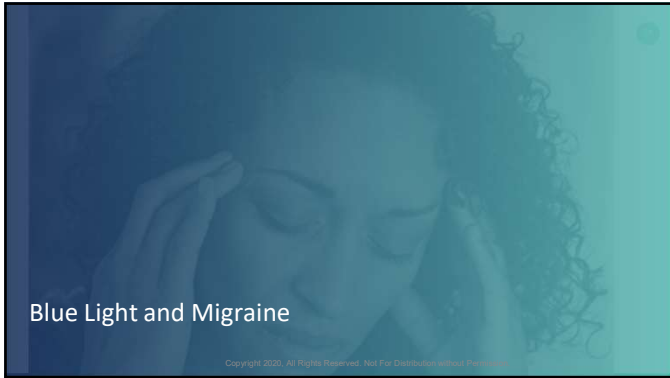
Key Findings

While wearing Blue Light Pigment lenses vs control lenses (Clear Blue Light Blocking lenses), healthy participants with no sleep disorders, demonstrated:

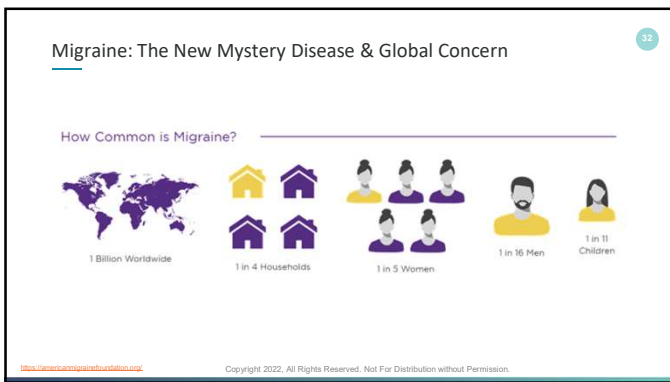
1. Significant increase in melatonin secretion after 3 hours of wear
2. 45 minutes more sleep as indicated in the subjects sleep diary
3. 25 minutes increase in sleep duration as measured using actigraphy device

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What is Migraine?

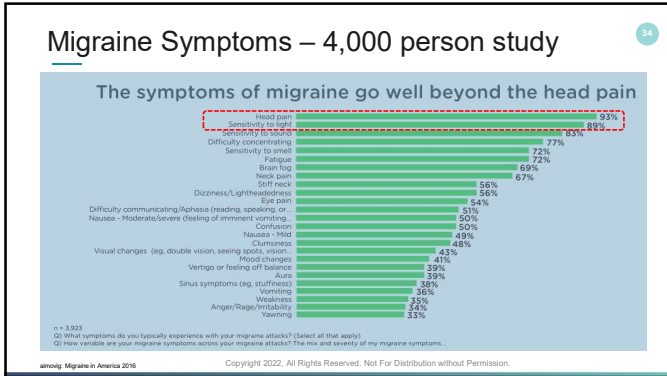
Migraine is more than just a headache; it is a major disabling neurological disease

Migraine is an inherited neurological disorder that is characterized by over excitability of specific areas of the brain

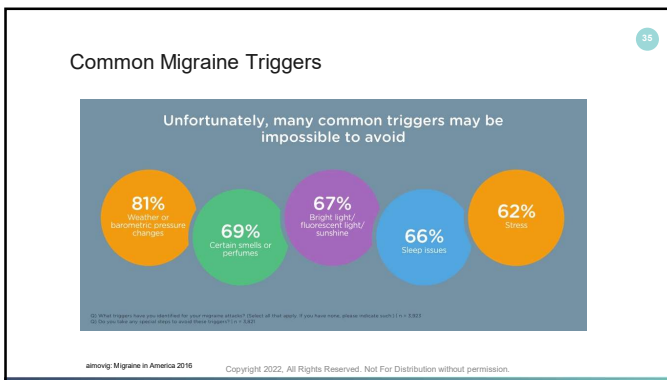
Source: American Migraine Foundation

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What is Photophobia?


An **extreme and painful sensitivity to light**. It can be caused by an injury, headaches and migraines, medications, diseases, and more.

Source: Photophobic Society of America
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Conditions that may cause Photophobia?

- Cataracts.
- Concussions.
- Corneal abrasion.
- Dry eye.
- Headaches.
- Keratitis which is also caused corneal inflammation.
- Migraine.
- ... and more




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Medications that may cause Photophobia?

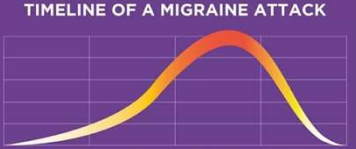
- Antihistamines.
- Furosemide.
- Non-steroidal, anti-inflammatory drugs (NSAIDs)
- Oral and estrogen-based contraceptives.
- Quinine.
- Sulfonamides.
- Tetracycline.
- Tricyclic anti-depressants



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TIMELINE OF A MIGRAINE ATTACK



PRODROME	AURA	HEADACHE	POSTDROME
FEW HOURS TO DAYS	5-60 MIN	4-72 HRS	24-48 HRS
IRRITABILITY DEPRESSION YAWNING INCREASED NEED TO SLEEP FOOD CRAVINGS SENSITIVITY TO LIGHT/SOUND PROBLEMS IN CONCENTRATING FATIGUE AND MUCLE STIFFNESS DIFFICULTY IN SPEAKING AND HEARING NAUSEA DIFFICULTY IN SLEEPING	VISUAL DISTURBANCES TEMPORARY LOSS OF SIGHT NUMBNESS AND TINGLING ON PART OF THE BODY	THROBING DRILLING PAIN IN THE HEAD BURNING NAUSEA VOMITING GIROONEZE INSOMNIA NASAL CONGESTION ANXIETY DEPRESSED MOOD SENSITIVITY TO LIGHT, SOUND NECK PAIN AND STIFFNESS	INABILITY TO CONCENTRATE FATIGUE DEPRESSED MOOD EUPHORIC MOOD LACK OF COMPREHENSION

4 Stages of Migraine

1. Prodrome
• Few hours to days
2. Aura
• 5-60 mins
3. Headache
• 4-72 hrs
4. Postdrome
• 24-48 hrs

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Migraine Aura

Visual symptoms of aura are temporary, but they can be disabling. Some examples include:

- Zigzag floating lines or spots
- Vision loss or changes
- Flashes of light
- Blind spots called scotomas

<https://migrainegain.com/what-to-know-if-you-have-migraine-with-aura/>
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Life Impact of Migraine

n=3,444
G1 (OPTIONAL) If you could describe migraines in ONE WORD, what would that one word be? (Open-ended response data was cleaned for spelling errors and capitalization)

almovig Migraine in America 2016 Copyright 2022. All Rights Reserved. Not For Distribution without permission.

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The Real Impact of Migraine is HUGE!

Based on the following:

- 5 migraine attack/episode days per month
- 24 hr duration
- 24 hr recovery
- Missed out time... "didn'ts"
- Occasional medication use

60	migraine attack/episode days
180	migraine-affected days
60	work, sleep or family time "didn'ts"
30	treatment days

Learn more by using the Migraine Impact Tool
*<https://www.speakyourmigraine.com>

<https://www.speakyourmigraine.com/migraine.html> Copyright 2022. All Rights Reserved. Not For Distribution without Permission.

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Digital Blue Light Is Most Detrimental To Migraine Patients

Blue light (447 nm ± 10) increases migraine intensity
Green Light (530 nm ± 10) was shown to soothe migraine intensity

LED TRANSMITTANCE

Intensity (Arbitrary Units) vs. Wavelength (nm)

400 nm 500 nm 600 nm 700 nm

Blue light 447 nm ± 10
Exacerbates migraine

Green light 530 nm ± 10
Soothes migraine

BRAIN
A JOURNAL OF NEUROLOGY

Migraine photophobia originating in cone-driven retinal pathways

Rodrigo Nanda,^{1,2} Carolyn A. Bernstein,^{1,3} Rom-Keaven Ni,¹ Alice J. Lee,⁴ Anne B. Fulton,^{1,2} Suzanne M. Bertuch,^{1,2} Alexandra Hwangjintan,^{1,2} Dean M. Costain,^{1,2} Rodrigo Saavedra-Walker,¹ David Burrows,^{1,2} Bruce L. Droran,^{1,2} Catherine Buitrago,^{1,2} and Rand Burstein^{1,2}

Migraine headache is uniquely exacerbated by light. Using psychophysical assessments in patients with normal vision we found that green light transmittance originates headache significantly less than white, blue, amber or red light. To determine mechanisms, we used electrophysiology and visual evoked potential recording in patients, and multi-scale modeling of cone and light sensitive retinal neurons in vivo to show that green transmittance cone driven retinal pathways is to be least nociceptive. We will talk about future research on cone responses to blue and long exposures to green and their central responses to pain on topography and how they are affected by blue, amber and red light. These findings suggest that patients responsive to white and longer photophobia could originate in cone driven retinal pathways. We need to offer headache patients search the cone road pathway, and proceed to the cortex. Additionally, the findings provide substrate for the working effects of green light.

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Sleep Quality and Migraine Frequency

- Migraine frequency correlates with poor sleep quality and a higher prevalence of poor sleepers.
- Disturbed sleep is a particularly common problem among migraineurs (children or adult), affecting 30% to 50% of migraine patients.
- Greater migraine frequency was associated with a higher prevalence of poor sleep quality

Associations Between Sleep Quality and Migraine Frequency: A Cross-Sectional Case-Control Study, 2016
https://journals.lww.com/jmd-journal/fulltext/2016/05/05/Associations_Between_Sleep_Quality_and_Migraine_S2.aspx?pdf=1

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Wearer Survey with Blue Light Blocking Lenses

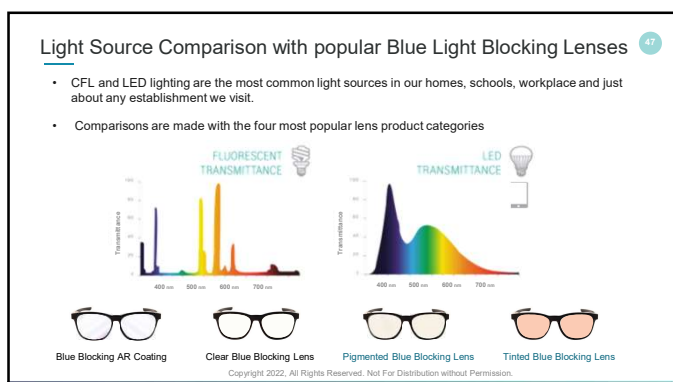
- 99.1%** Of those surveyed Eyes more relaxed indoors
- 98.2%** Of those surveyed Significant sleep improvement
- 93.8%** Absolute "Yes" to wear as everyday glasses
- 65.1%** Of those surveyed Significant reduction in headaches/migraines

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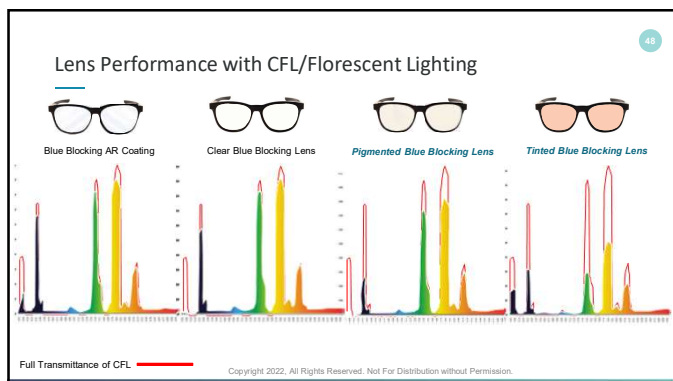
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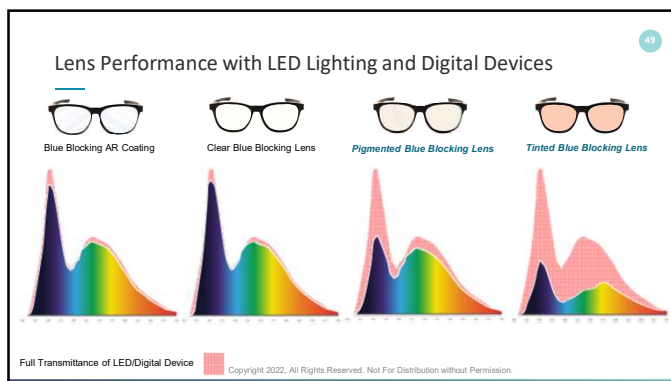
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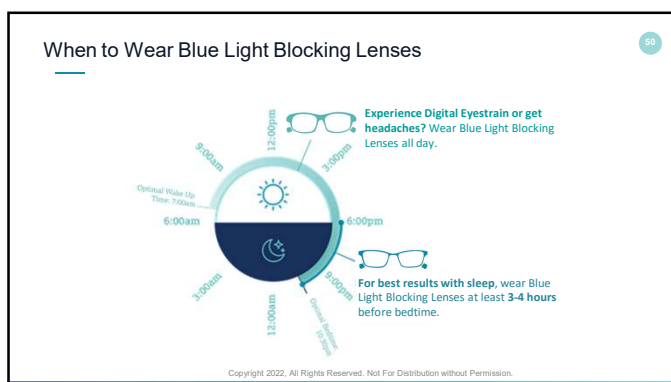
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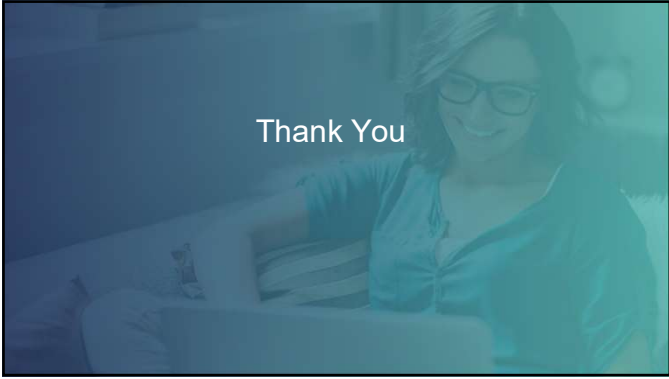
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- ### Summary
1. Blue light can impede visual clarity, potentially damage the retina, disrupt sleep and exacerbate migraine.
 2. Intense blue light in the evening disrupts your patients' sleep cycle leading to increased headaches and migraines.
 3. Blue Light Blocking Lenses that effectively block digital/LED light are clinically proven to regulate melatonin production.
 4. Blue Light Blocking Lenses that effectively block CFL and digital/LED light, provide optimum protection from detrimental blue light for headache relief associated with photophobia.
 5. The **Opportunity** to help your patients is not just with Rx, but also with Plano patients.
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